To Faculty Council Members: Your critical study of these minutes is requested. If you find errors, please call, send a memorandum, or E-mail immediately to Rita Knoll, ext 1-5693.

NOTE: Final revisions are noted in the following manner: additions underlined; deletions over scored.

MINUTES
Faculty Council Meeting
December 5, 2017 – 4:00 p.m. – A201 Clark

CALL TO ORDER

The Faculty Council meeting was called to order at 4:02 p.m. by Tim Gallagher, Chair.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

1. Next Faculty Council Meeting – February 6, 2018 – A207 Clark – 4:00 p.m.
   No January meeting.
   Gallagher announced that the next Faculty Council meeting would be held on February 6, 2018 at 4:00 p.m. in A207 Clark.

2. Executive Committee Meeting Minutes located on FC website –
   October 17 and 24, 207; November 14 and 24, 2017
   (http://facultycouncil.colostate.edu/faculty-council-meeting-dates-agendas-minutes/)

Gallagher announced that the Executive Committee Meeting Minutes are posted on the FC website.

MINUTES TO BE APPROVED

1. Faculty Council Meeting Minutes – November 7, 2017

Amendments to the meeting minutes by faculty members: Mary Meyer, Statistics, Silvia Canetto, Psychology, and Moti Gorin, Philosophy. Gallagher contacted our Professional Parliamentarian, Lola Fehr. The proposed changes are treated as implied motions by unanimous consent. Robert’s Rules of Order recommended format does not include comments during discussion. Gallagher wants to meet the recommendations made by faculty.

Gallagher put the amendments on the overhead by Canetto, Meyer and Gorin:

Page 51 (Canetto): In the Manual, section E.12.1 Teaching and advising (p. 17 of November FC packet), course surveys were deleted from the list of "sources of information" to use for "evaluation of teaching." However in section I.8 (p. 18 of November FC packet) it is stated that the "student course survey" can be used "as part of the evaluation of teaching" or "for teaching mentoring." These two statements are in contradiction with each other. Is this an oversight? The statement on p. 17 is correct
because, as was recognized by the Committee on Teaching and Learning, student evaluations of faculty teaching are not valid, and also biased, for example, against women. Therefore, I think that the statement in section I.8 should be changed. Specifically we should delete the statement that “student course survey can be used "as part of the evaluation of teaching" or "for teaching mentoring."

Page 51 (Meyer): Many studies have concluded that student evaluations of teaching are substantially biased against women. Quote from Menget, Sauermann and Zolitz (2017): “women receive systematically lower teaching evaluations than their male colleagues. This bias is driven by male students’ evaluations, is larger for mathematical courses and particularly pronounced for junior women.” What kind of message is CSU sending to junior women faculty, when we use an instrument for tenure and promotion evaluation, that is known to be substantially biased against them? Life is hard enough for junior women faculty, especially in STEM disciplines.

Page 51 (Gorin): If teaching surveys don't accurately measure student learning and if they are biased against women, shouldn't we also delete the previous sentence, which says they can be used by students in determining which classes they should take?

Page 53 - Delete the word unanimously – Hickey’s motion was unanimously approved. Page 54 - Delete the word unanimously – Hickey’s motion was unanimously approved.

By unanimous consent, the amended minutes of the November 7, 2017 Faculty Council meeting were approved. The minutes will be placed on the Faculty Council website.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

REPORTS TO BE RECEIVED

1. Provost/Executive Vice President – Rick Miranda

Miranda reported on the following:

- Director of Admissions update: We were seeking a new Executive Director of Admissions; however, the search failed. Will do again spring semester.

- We had the annual meeting of Association of Public and Land Grant Universities (APLU). CSU was a finalist in an awards competition on the subject of degree completion. We prepared a competitive proposal. Four universities were finalists and presented for 15 minutes. Paul Thayer, serving as Associate VP for Student Success, gave a presentation. The University of Hawaii won the award, but CSU did very well. Miranda also moderated a panel on adaptive courseware. We are in the second year
of those efforts and have about 15 classes as part of a pilot program. Other universities involved: Arizona State, Oregon State and University of Mississippi. We are gaining a national reputation in this area.

- Board of Governors meeting last week (November 30 – December 1, 2017). Our new degree programs at undergraduate and graduate levels were approved. There was a lot of discussion about what is going on with the state budget and the federal situation, which is of some concern to us (re: provisions of tax code, especially regarding DACA students).

- Updated review of budget—shown on overhead. Five to six different scenarios were presented to the BOG at October meeting. For the December BOG meeting, the Governor’s budget came out so we used the Governor’s budget for estimates of revenue. We may enjoy some significant additional funding this year—perhaps as much as $10 million. In turn, there is a call for a 3% cap on undergraduate resident tuition. We will need to spend about $2.2 million to cover financial aid. (Typically, there’s an allowance of 20% of tuition increases attributed to financial aid.) What the Board commented was that the 5-6 scenarios should shrink to a few, but they then requested that the scenario planning expand a bit. There’s not going to be a lot of additional news for a few months. Decisions won’t happen until well into the new year. The Board commented, “What are you going to do if the state doesn’t come through?” If so, we would have to make adjustments in spending.

Questions:

Antonio Pedros-Gascon (CLA At-Large): I have a follow-up question I asked President Frank at the October 2017 FC meeting regarding “how is the parking for the stadium being covered, and where are the proceeds going from parking?” The President had no information.

Miranda: The parking revenues are a significant part of the athletic revenue stream. So, when we decided to move the stadium on campus, we arranged that athletics would benefit from selling parking on campus. An arrangement would be that we would make accommodations for parking on campus as much as possible. We knew that we could not completely shut the campus down. A bunch of different units could have parking in different areas on game day. One of the largest needs was housing and dining; housing and dining needed spots for employees. Spots were identified and academic areas were also identified for people that needed to come to campus to work as well. We went through a process with the deans last summer and asked how many spots were needed as well. It was done on a week-by-week basis. We did not know what the parking needs were that was necessary. For instance, Homecoming was a concern. We arranged events for the parents in the morning and worked so the spaces could be freed up later. Re: Students near residence halls. We had a re-park program for students with different areas to park on Pitkin Street. Students moved cars on Friday nights.
What we discovered was that we were overly conservative as parking was more available than we thought. There were spots open on game day. So now the question is how do we calibrate accurately and satisfy for events. We may relax this next year.

Antonio Pedros-Gascon (CLA At-Large): Correct me if I am misinterpreting, but it seems that it’s faculty who are subsidizing parking while athletics is obtaining the benefit. The President said I was wrong.

Miranda: Remember that athletics has a number of expenses associated with parking (i.e. hiring others to help, putting up signs, etc).

Doug Cloud (English): Given that by Colorado law, parking must be paid for by permit holders—if they are bringing in hundreds of cars and this is creating wear and tear and just the permit holders are maintaining, is there a possibility for an allowance on this?

Miranda: I don’t know. I’ll do a little digging on this—the relationship between parking revenues and athletic arrangements. There are long-standing arrangements regarding special events. A lot of events also occur at Moby.

Doug Cloud (English): I posed the question to parking and they didn’t have any input.

Noreen Reist (CVMBS At-Large): Those other arrangements don’t stipulate that I can’t come to campus on a given day, nor that my students can’t come to a lab?

Miranda: No, not at all.

Karen Barrett (HDFS): I have had students complain as well that their permits are paying for this. It’s not only a faculty concern but also a student one.

Miranda’s report was received.

2. Faculty Council Chair – Tim Gallagher

Gallagher reported on the following

In my efforts to visit all Faculty Council Standing Committees, I attended the Committee on Teaching and Learning meeting and made a second visit to the Committee on Faculty Governance as they have had some interesting conversations with the Committee on Non-Tenure Track Faculty.

The Committee on Scholastic Standards is meeting a few days after New Year’s Day regarding retroactive withdrawal petitions from students and consideration of petitions from students appealing their dismissal for academic reasons. CoSS has its autonomous authority to say yes or no regarding these student petitions. All the other Standing
Committees, including Executive Committee, make recommendations to the body of Faculty Council and Faculty Council decides. CoSS is a hard working group.

Gallagher also attended a Conflict of Interest Committee meeting this morning. For those who didn’t know, the Chair of FC serves on this committee.

Also, if any faculty have concerns or questions for the Council of Deans, or the President’s Cabinet, please send Gallagher an email and he will pass along questions/concerns to these groups.

Gallagher wanted to inform Faculty Council that Executive Committee has been reaching out to the leadership of CoRSAF, CoNTTF, and CoFG. We are expecting some proposals. We want to listen and not tell them how to do their business; however, we want to be informed.

Gallagher’s report was received.

3. Board of Governors Faculty Representative – Margarita Lenk

Lenk reported the following:

Lenk continues to be impressed by our Board, who challenges our leadership and the quality of their questions and analysis is good. Also impressed about how well President Frank talks about the good things that are going on at the CSU campus. There were great presentations and I focus here on what’s going on at the Board that aren’t entirely reported here. CSU Global is doing interesting things. CSU-Pueblo is doing a great job of redeveloping their brand and reestablishing their sense of place and expanding their nursing program. I’m excited to say that the Board was happy with the exchange dinner across campuses for collaboration. The next dinner will be here. Embarking on a Denver 2.0 to make CSU more visible to all the citizens in the greater Denver area. CU has put in a lot of resources and has a louder voice/presence so Lenk urges us to get the info out about what we are doing at CSU. Please pass along your great stories to Lenk so that she can pass the info along to the Board.

**BOARD OF GOVERNORS – Faculty Council Representative Report**

*Margarita Maria Lenk.*

The Board of Governors (BOG) met on November 30-December 1. Full BOG meeting minutes are available on the BOG web site. Below are my “Fort Collins’ highlights” notes from these meetings, and are not meant to be fully comprehensive summaries of the Board meetings.

**The November 30-December 1 meeting was held on the CSU Fort Collins campus.**

The next board meeting is Feb 7-9, 2018. Please send me any accomplishments or other news of differentiating excellence so that I can help tell our CSU Fort Collins story!
1. All new degree programs, sabbatical requests, academic calendar, and Faculty and AP Manual changes on the agenda were approved. I invited the BOG members to come to a Faculty Council meeting each year and also to come visit the college of their choice for a day, perhaps on a Faculty Council day. This request was well received and one BOG member has shown interest.

2. Three Fort Collins real estate transactions were approved by the BOG. These land parcels are either not buildable or in one case, are just allowing a Center Avenue bus stop to be created.

3. CSU continues to work on differentiation through significant partnerships for community outreach. The Denver Boys and Girls Club CEO made a very impactful presentation explaining that the Boys and Girls Club operates in 34 different areas of Colorado, and already involves many CSU staff and students participating in the club activities, in college life panels, in campus tours, in a literacy support (up through third grade), STEM programs such as a great robotics programming unit, educational field trips and homework help. So if you can find a research, outreach, service learning, internship, or student club project for our local Boys and Girls Club, to help build our existing partnership. One of the stories they shared was about a CSU student you may know, Christina was an only child to an Ethiopian family without education. She graduated in communications, and has worked for Amazon, Goodly, and the City of Denver.

4. Amy Parsons provided updates on the CSU System strategic map, and the Western stock Show Complex’s successful groundbreaking. President Tony Frank will be honored on January 8th, 2018, at the Citizen of the West banquet. Tickets to this dinner have already sold out! CSU Pueblo and CSU-Global have or are planning courses and events at Todos Santos campus.

5. Lynn Johnson shared that PERA has changed its life expectancy, contribution, and payout formulas. Combined with new GASB (Government accounting standards board) changes, a significant increase to CSU’s unfunded liabilities will be added to our financial statements. Because of this, Standards and Poor has released a more negative outlook reading regarding our state’s financial affairs, also happening to other states at this time.

6. ASCSU: The health fair was very successful, as are efforts to integrate student activities in the new Straayer center. Technologies innovation initiatives help students know where all the online resources are, and learn about new projects like iClicker app, RamRide app, etc. They are also working on transparency by publishing student fees use online and in the newspaper, and are reflecting on the lessons learned from recent leadership changes to emerge stronger as a result.

7. Tony Frank, CSU President’s report included the following great news: CSU has been recognized as a top performer in the 2017 Sustainable campus index, highest for public engagement, tying for first place in research, second for diversity and affordability. George Barisas was honored by the Colorado section of the American Chemical Society with the highest research award. CSU has a new university partnership with Cranfield University in the United Kingdom. The Straayer center for Public Service Leadership is a tremendous new resource for students and faculty with public service leadership and research goals. Jim Cooney has led a task force to author “Pervasive Internationalization: A Call for Renewed Leadership”, which has been distributed to university presidents at the APLU national meeting in November. Professors Rutledge and Chandrasekar from the Electrical and Computer Engineering department have
deployed the most advanced shipborne radar, a NASA funded project aimed to understand the fate of rainwater that falls on the sea surface. Professors Claudia Wiese and David Maranon have published very interesting findings in Nature about the proteins and gene mutations which are associated with elevated cancer risks. Professor Scott Haley has been successful in developing wheat varieties that resist herbicides, provide better milling, baking quality and straw strength. Professors Karyn Hamilton and Ben Miller have discovered and published in The Journal of Physiology that massage in the opposite limb of the injury can assist in the healing of the injury. A new $6 million Bohemian Foundation gift honors the successful work of Bryan Willson, in the form of the first Bryan Willson Presidential Chair in Energy Innovation and the Engines and Energy Conversion Laboratory. The Laser Interferometer Gravitational Wave Observatory Collaboration has added new members from CSU, led by Professor Carmen Menoni from the Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering. This LIGO group was honored with the Nobel Prize in physics in October, primarily for detecting the gravitational waves from the collision of two black holes, confirming Albert Einstein’s theory that gravity, packed in waves, travels across space and time. Professors Ken Reardon, Graham Peers, and Jason Quinn have been working with the department of Energy’s bioenergy technologies office and the National Renewable Energy Laboratory in Golden, Colorado for the Advanced Algal Systems program to understand how algae-based biofuels and bio-products are made. Notable recent gifts announced were $ 6 million to the College of Veterinary Medicine and Biomedical Sciences for the Jerry P. and Karen B. Moore Chair in Oncology Endowment, a $1.5 million gift to support Human Animal Interaction Initiatives in the College of Health and Human Sciences. $ 1 million gift to support Music Programming in the College of Liberal Arts, a $663 thousand gift to support the Citrus Greening research in the College of Agricultural Sciences, a $400 thousand to support initiatives in the Warner College of Natural Resources associated with the Thomas A. Jones graduate fellowships, and many more significant awards. Russ Schumacher from the Department of Atmospheric Science has become Colorado’s state climatologist, and will be helping scientists, educators and the general public better understand climate monitoring and research. CSU has an online graduate certificate in Adventure tourism starting in January 2018.

8. Denver Initiative 2.0 to raise CSU awareness in the Denver area. Brett Anderson and Tom Milligan are leading this to improve CSU’s visibility. Measures of visible CSU support include: willingness to recommend CSU, #/attendance of alumni gatherings, social media campaign metrics, private research dollars, #internships, athletic season ticket sales, number of Boettcher finalists, high school top students coming to CSU, individual ticket sales, Ram Club membership, etc. During 2012-2016, CU made huge progress in same visibility initiative, so we have to step up our strategy. The CSU Denver Initiative 2.0 has a dedicated budget and 6 cabinet level officers working on this project, from a systems level, metric-driven strategy, highlighting the Western Stock Show Complex and the Denver Bronco relationships, improving traditions that are already in place, such as CSU days at the Rockies, and the partnership with DIA. If you can think of how to help this initiative, please contact Brett Anderson or Tom Milligan.

Lenk’s report was received
CONSENT AGENDA

1. UCC Minutes – October 27, 2017; November 3, 10 and 17, 2017

Carole Makela, Chair, UCC moved that Faculty Council adopt the consent agenda.

Makela requested the removal of the new graduate certificate in Applied Global Stability: Business Foundations, found on page 82 of the November 10, 2017 UCC meeting minutes.

The consent agenda was unanimously approved by Faculty Council.

ACTION ITEMS

1. Proposed revisions to the *Graduate and Professional Bulletin* – The Advisory System - CoSRGE

Sid Suryanarayanan, Vice Chair, CoSRGE, moved that Faculty Council approve the proposed revisions to the Graduate and Professional Bulletin – The Advisory System.

THE COMMITTEE ON SCHOLARSHIP, RESEARCH AND GRADUATE EDUCATION MOVE THAT FACULTY COUNCIL ADOPT THE REVISIONS TO SECTION: “THE ADVISORY SYSTEM” OF THE *GRADUATE AND PROFESSIONAL BULLETIN* TO BE EFFECTIVE UPON FACULTY COUNCIL ADOPTION EFFECTIVE IMMEDIATELY AS FOLLOWS:

ADDITIONS - UNDERLINED - DELETIONS OVERSCORED

The Advisory System

Due to the interdisciplinary nature of some scholarship at CSU, potential conflicts of interest in advisory committees between members or between the student and one or more members may not be avoidable. When a conflict of interest exists, a written report must be submitted by the chair of the advisory committee to the Dean of the Graduate School by those involved in the conflict of interest that includes: 1) the names of those involved in the conflict of interest, 2) the nature of the conflict of interest, 3) a plan to manage the conflict of interest. Failure to disclose a conflict of interest is a violation of CSU Policy (add link to Faculty and Staff Manual: D.7.7., Appendix 2, Appendix 6), and managed as soon as they arise.

Individuals who are not academic faculty but who have special expertise may serve on committees in addition to the prescribed members, but may not vote regarding examination results.

Plan C master’s students are required to have an advisor but not a committee.
The advisor is identified and the committee is appointed through filing a GS Form 6 with the Graduate School. It is the student’s responsibility to identify an advisor and a committee, all of whom are willing and qualified to serve. The student’s department chair or designee will use his/her best efforts to facilitate selection of the committee and subsequent changes therein. With notification, temporary replacement of a member may be arranged. A member, including the advisor, may resign from the committee in accordance with any applicable provisions in the student’s departmental code. In such cases, the affected student and his or her department chair will be notified promptly by the departing member. It is then the student’s responsibility to obtain a replacement. Any permanent changes are recorded through the filing of GS Form 9A with the Graduate School.

Persons who are not academic faculty (as defined in the Academic Faculty and Administrative Professional Manual) of CSU may be appointed full voting members of graduate student advisory committees in the following manner. A person may be nominated for membership on a specific student’s committee. This is accomplished by submission of the following materials to the department head: 1) a resume, 2) relevant supporting material, 3) a statement from the nominated individual that indicates whether or not there is a conflict of interest with any of the committee members or student. If there is a conflict of interest, the chair of the advisory committee individual must submit a written plan to manage the conflict of interest, and supporting material to the department head. If, using procedures and criteria outlined in the departmental code, the department head judges the appointment appropriate, and s/he shall forward a recommendation and all supporting materials to the Dean of the Graduate School. The Dean of the Graduate School shall bring the nomination to the appropriate Faculty Council Committee, which shall act on the nomination.

A person so approved shall be eligible to serve on the committee for the duration of the student’s work toward the degree. The Graduate School shall maintain a roster of such appointments. Although approval is granted with respect to a particular student’s committee, such members may serve on other student committees in the same department with additional departmental approval provided that such service shall not extend beyond five years of the original appointment.

Such non-faculty appointments are subject to the following restrictions.

1. Such an appointee may not serve as an outside member of graduate committees.
2. Service may not be as the sole advisor of the student.
3. The appointee must have a degree equivalent to that sought by the student and must not be a student at CSU.
4. No more than one such person may serve on any graduate student’s committee.
5. The person appointed should be an addition to the minimum number now required on graduate committees and not a replacement for required faculty. The advisor may invite others to participate in the examination in a nonvoting, advisory capacity.

Rationale: The additional language added is to ensure that conflicts of interest are disclosed and a management plan is submitted for advisory committee members.

Faculty Council unanimously approved the proposed revisions to the Graduate and Professional Bulletin – The Advisory System -CoSRGE
2. Proposed revisions to the *Graduate and Professional Bulletin* – Scholastic Standards – CoSRGE

Sid Suryanarayanan, Vice Chair, CoSRGE, moved that Faculty Council approve the proposed revisions to the *Graduate and Professional Bulletin* – Scholastic Standards

THE COMMITTEE ON SCHOLARSHIP, RESEARCH AND GRADUATE EDUCATION MOVE THAT FACULTY COUNCIL ADOPT THE REVISIONS TO SECTIONS: “SCHOLASTIC STANDARDS” and “APPLICATION: U.S. CITIZENS OR PERMANENT RESIDENTS” OF THE GRADUATE AND PROFESSIONAL BULLETIN, TO BE EFFECTIVE UPON FACULTY COUNCIL ADOPTION, AS FOLLOWS:

**ADDITIONS - UNDERLINED - DELETIONS OVERSCORE**

**Application: US Citizens or Permanent Residents**

CSU may waive its 3.00 minimum undergraduate grade point average requirement under unusual circumstances or if the applicant is applying through Track II Admissions (see below). Applicants must present strong countervailing evidence that successful completion of a degree program is likely. Examples of the kinds of evidence that might be considered are high scores on the GRE aptitude test, high scores on the GRE advanced test, excellent letters of recommendation, relevant professional experience, and other indicators of exceptional motivation and performance. A positive recommendation by the department is required in such cases. Some departments may waive their specific requirements under similarly unusual and compelling circumstances. However, they are not required to do so and many cannot, due to space and resource considerations.

If the minimum GPA requirement is waived and the applicant is accepted by the Graduate School, the applicant will be provisionally admitted and placed immediately on academic probation. The student must achieve a term GPA of 3.000, averaged across all coursework that is traditionally graded (A through F), in the first semester, or the student will be dismissed from the Graduate School. This policy applies to all provisionally admitted graduate students.

**Scholastic Standards**

To meet the requirements for graduation and to remain in good academic standing, a student must demonstrate acceptable performance in course work after being admitted to a graduate program. This requires a cumulative 3.000 grade point average in all regular course work. Regular course work is defined as courses other than independent or group studies, research courses, open seminars, thesis/dissertation credits, study abroad, U.S. travel, supervised college teaching, student teaching, practicum, internship, field placement, unique title courses offered through Continuing Education (CSU Online), and any courses graded pass/ fail. Overall a 3.00 grade point average must be maintained in regular and non-regular courses graded traditionally (A through F). The grade point average in required courses included on the approved program of study (GS Form 6) must also equal at least 3.000.
CSU recognizes two types of seminars at the graduate level. “Open” seminars are not content specific and may not address similar material from term to term. They may be organized around the ongoing research of those enrolled, current research of appropriate faculty members, presentations by visiting scholars, reviews of the latest developments in the disciplines, or other targets of intellectual opportunity. “Topical” seminars are advanced study experiences which deal with established content areas of the disciplines which are subject specific.

In addition, good academic standing requires satisfactory progress in the overall graduate program. Students’ individual graduate advisory committees may render judgments as to whether satisfactory progress is being made toward the degree, taking into account all aspects of academic performance and promise, not necessarily coursework alone. A positive judgment is required to remain in good academic standing.

Failure to maintain good academic standing due to a cumulative grade point average less than 3.00 results in being placed on academic probation. (New regularly admitted students will not be placed on probation until they have completed 12 regular credits or two semesters of graduate work, whichever comes first. However, students who were provisionally admitted after waiver of the minimum GPA requirement for admission are placed on probation their first semester, regardless of the number of credits taken their first semester.) The probationary period extends for one semester beyond the one in which this status is acquired. During this probationary period, the student must register for traditionally graded courses that affect the grade point average. With permission of the student’s advisory committee, the student may register for continuous registration instead of traditionally graded courses. Continuous registration may be used to extend the probationary period for a maximum of two semesters, after which traditionally graded courses must be taken. Students on probation are subject to dismissal by the academic department or the Dean of the Graduate School at the end of the probationary semester unless good academic standing has been regained. This requires adequate improvement in cumulative grade point averages (3.00) and/or satisfactory progress as determined by the student’s graduate advisory committee. Students not making satisfactory progress due to their grade point average are encouraged to contact their advisors and/or advisory committees in order to set up a meeting to create a progress plan. Integrated Degree Program (IDP) students in combined bachelor’s/master’s degree programs who have accumulated at least 120 credit hours of course work and who fail to maintain a 3.00 GPA in their graduate course work including any courses listed on their GS 6 Form will be placed on probation by the Graduate School and will have one semester in which to improve their cumulative grade point averages to no less than 3.00 in their graduate course work. Failure to bring the cumulative graduate GPA to at least 3.00 will result in dismissal from the Graduate School with no re-enrollment permitted prior to completion of the bachelor’s degree. IDP students who are dismissed from the Graduate School, and who are still in good standing within their undergraduate programs, will be permitted to complete their undergraduate degrees. These students can petition the Registrar to reinstate courses to be applied toward their undergraduate degrees.
Rationale

1. Graduate students who are provisionally admitted into the Graduate School and whose minimum undergraduate GPA requirement was waived are automatically placed on probation their first semester. Students are informed of this in their acceptance letters. However, this information is missing in the Bulletin. Its inclusion will inform applicants ahead of time of the conditions of their acceptance.

2. GPAs are formatted out to three decimal places, so that formatting is consistent throughout the Bulletin sections, as well as consistent with the General Catalog.

Faculty Council unanimously approved the proposed revisions to the Graduate and Professional Bulletin – Scholastic Standards.

3. Proposed placement of the Bullying in the Workplace Policy into the Academic Faculty and Administrative Professional Manual as Appendix 7 - CoRSAF

Marie Legare, Chair, CoRSAF moved that Faculty Council approve the proposed placement of the Bullying in the Workplace Policy into the Academic Faculty and Administrative Professional Manual as Appendix 7.

The Committee on Responsibility and Standing of Academic Faculty submits the following motion:


APPENDIX 7: BULLYING IN THE WORKPLACE (new section)

PURPOSE OF THIS POLICY

Colorado State University is committed to maintaining an environment conducive to working and learning, in which the rights and dignity of all staff, faculty, and students of the university community are respected. The University prohibits behaviors that rise to the level of bullying, as described below. Workplace bullying is a form of psychological violence that disrupts the peaceable environment and can result in lower workplace morale and productivity, greater employee absenteeism and turnover, and higher stress and its related health issues.

APPLICATION OF THIS POLICY
This policy applies to all employees (“Covered Persons”), including, but not limited to, faculty, administrative professionals, state classified employees, student employees, volunteers, affiliates, and all other persons under the jurisdiction of the University to impose sanctions for behavior in the employment context, including agents, contractors and subcontractors. It is not intended to cover CSU students who are not employed by CSU (although a similar policy applies under the Student Conduct Code).

It is the responsibility of all Covered Persons to know and apply this policy.

**DEFINITIONS USED IN THIS POLICY**

*Bullying* in the context of the workplace is repeated mistreatment by words or actions that are intended to shame, embarrass, humiliate, degrade, demean, intimidate, and/or threaten an individual or group.

A person who is a target of bullying may not be the only one, or even an intended target; behavior that foreseeably places bystanders or unintended targets at risk or in fear, or causes them to feel threatened or humiliated, is within the scope of this definition.

The determination of whether bullying has occurred is highly dependent upon the facts and circumstances surrounding any given situation. Words or actions that may cause an individual discomfort or distress do not necessarily constitute bullying behavior. Differences of opinion and routine conflicts or problems in workplace relationships are not bullying, as these may be part of working life. Behavior that is unfriendly, dismissive or curt is not bullying unless carried to such an extreme that a reasonable person would feel fearful, intimidated, or physically or mentally harmed by it. Criticism, complaints, or negative feedback are not considered bullying when they are reasonable, legitimate, and proportional, and directly address issues of workplace performance and/or conduct. Employees are expected to meet the reasonable performance and behavior standards of their position, and requiring a person to meet those expectations is not bullying under this policy.

Bullying can take a variety of forms and may include behaviors that are physical, verbal, nonverbal, direct or indirect, and may take place face-to-face, via written communications, or by electronic means. Some examples of bullying include, but are not limited to:

- Shouting or yelling at, berating, ridiculing, or demeaning others;
- Name calling and attacks on one’s character, using a person as the butt of jokes, using nicknames after being warned by the target that the nickname is considered to be offensive, or spreading gossip and rumors about the person to others;
- Mocking, ridiculing, punishing, or putting someone down in front of others, constant unwarranted criticism, or making offensive remarks regarding a person’s known intellectual or physical attributes;
- Persistently interrupting a person or otherwise preventing a person’s legitimate attempts to speak;
- Undermining or sabotaging the work performance of others;
Spreading false or sensitive information about another;
Deliberately excluding, isolating or marginalizing a person from normal workplace activities;
Tampering with a person’s personal effects or work equipment; damage to or destruction of a person’s work product, work area, including electronic devices, or personal property;
Punishments or negative consequences designed primarily to shame, exclude, and/or draw negative attention from others;
Violent behavior, such as pushing, shoving, kicking, poking, or tripping; assault or threat of physical assault; making threatening gestures toward a person or invading personal space after being asked by the target to move or step away. Bullying that is physically violent may violate criminal law and is addressed in CSU’s Workplace Violence policy.
Making threats, either explicit or implicit, to the security of a person’s job or position when not part of a legitimate process by the supervisor to set expectations or engage in progressive discipline as outlined by the University. This may include, but is not limited to, manipulating the workload of a person in a manner intended to cause that person to fail to perform legitimate functions.

POLICY STATEMENT

The University values the well-being of its employees and recognizes that bullying in the workplace can significantly impact a person’s dignity and their physical and mental health, as well as the overall experience of working at CSU. Colorado State University considers workplace bullying unacceptable and will not tolerate it under any circumstances. Bullying, as defined in this policy, is prohibited.

CSU has a policy that prohibits unlawful discrimination and harassment. While workplace bullying can be intertwined with unlawful discrimination and harassment, bullying behavior can occur apart from these other forms of misconduct. In either case, workplace bullying is prohibited by this policy. Conduct that might be unlawful discrimination or harassment should be reported to the Office of Equal Opportunity (970-491-5836 or oeo@colostate.edu).

1. Freedom of Speech
The University values and promotes freedom of expression and inquiry as provided under applicable law. Please refer to the University’s policies under References, below. Nothing in this policy is intended to limit or restrict a person’s First Amendment rights or rights to academic freedom; however, such rights do not include the right to engage in workplace bullying.

2. Anyone impacted by bullying behavior may access support services from the Employee Assistance Program, by calling 1-800-497-9133.

3. Violence
The University is committed to providing a safe and secure campus environment for members of the CSU community, and workplace violence impedes such goals and endangers the entire community. Violent behavior is prohibited in or on any university facility or while
participating in any university activity, as described in the University’s separate Violence in the Workplace policy.

Any incident that involves a threat of violence or physical harm should be reported immediately and referred to the Office of Support and Safety Assessment for review and consultation, unless the threat is imminent, in which case the CSU Police (or local law enforcement having jurisdiction) should be called. In certain circumstances, the University may impose interim measures for the duration of the review, including but not limited to campus exclusion.

4. Members of the university community shall cooperate with the reasonable inquiry and review process.

5. Retaliation
   The University will not tolerate, and this policy expressly prohibits, retaliation against employees making good faith reports as provided for in this policy, even where the concerns are ultimately unsubstantiated. False reports of prohibited behavior that are found to have been made intentionally are also a violation of this policy. Policy violations may result in University disciplinary action in accordance with established policies and procedures, as appropriate.

**POLICY PROCEDURES**

1. Any person who is a target of workplace bullying (an “impacted party”), or who witnesses or learns of an incident of workplace bullying at CSU, is strongly encouraged to report it to their supervisor, or, if the supervisor is involved, then to the next level supervisor in the reporting line. Reports may also be made by calling or emailing the Human Resources (HR) Solutions Partner (970-491-6947 or myhr@colostate.edu), who may bring the matter to the attention of other university officials, as appropriate. Individuals wishing to report a concern are encouraged to do so as soon as possible following the incident(s).

2. If the person reporting, the impacted party, and/or the alleged bully (the “responding party”) have different supervisors, then the HR Solutions Partner will contact the other supervisor(s) or a common higher level administrator and facilitate communications between those involved. At the discretion of the Chief Human Resources Officer (CHRO) or delegate, the matter may be elevated to other university officials, as appropriate.

3. Those involved are encouraged to consider informal methods of resolution (see the Bullying Complaint Guidelines and Procedures attached to this policy). Resources to assist with an informal resolution include the HR Solutions Partner and the Office of the Ombuds. However, if informal resolution is not feasible or any party wishes to follow the formal process, a written complaint should be made to the impacted party’s immediate supervisor. (See the required Bullying Complaint Form attached to this policy). A formal complaint must be filed within 180 days of the incident of workplace bullying or, where the behavior is of an
ongoing nature, within 180 days from the most recent incident. Either the impacted party or the supervisor of either party may file a formal complaint.

4. The formal process requires that the supervisor(s) (or higher level university official) and the HR Solutions Partner make a jointly coordinated, reasonable inquiry into the facts, document what is discovered, and, if warranted, take appropriate action, which may include counseling those involved, initiating corrective action, or pursuing other employment action. If a supervisor of either party filed the complaint, that person cannot act as an investigator, and the matter will be referred to the next higher level supervisor.

5. The steps to be taken in the reasonable inquiry and resolution process are described in the Bullying Complaint Guidelines and Procedures. The procedures include an administrative review process that any of the parties involved may initiate if the resolution of the matter is unacceptable to them.

6. At the discretion of the CHRO, related complaints or incidents may be combined for purposes of inquiry, resolution, and/or review through the HR Solutions Partner.

7. At the conclusion of the formal process, if the bullying was substantiated, it should be documented, and action should be taken promptly to address the situation, including disciplinary action or other employment action, if warranted, subject to applicable university policies and procedures.

8. Substantiated bullying incidents should be taken into consideration in an employee’s annual performance review, subject to established evaluation procedures (see, e.g., Academic Faculty and Administrative Professional Manual, section C.2.5 for faculty and D.5.5 for Administrative Professionals, and Human Resources Manual section 3 for State Classified). In particular, department heads need to be familiar with the restrictions in section C.2.5 of the Manual.

9. In addition, the reasonable inquiry process may identify improper or problematic conduct that does not constitute bullying as defined and prohibited by this policy. In that situation, the supervisor should address the improper conduct, and such conduct may form the basis for action by the supervisor in accordance with university policies and procedures.

10. Supervisors should inform participants in the bullying process that the Employee Assistance Program exists to provide help and resources to employees who are dealing with the impacts of workplace bullying and conflict.

**COMPLIANCE WITH THIS POLICY**

Compliance with this policy is mandatory. For assistance with interpreting or applying its provisions, contact the designated Human Resources Solutions Partner.

Any person covered by this policy who engages in workplace bullying is subject to disciplinary sanctions up to and including termination or dismissal from the University, in accordance with
applicable policies and procedures, including: for tenured faculty, section E.15 of the Academic Faculty and Administrative Professional Manual; for state classified personnel, the Human Resources Manual section 3; and for administrative professionals, section D.5.5 of the Faculty and Administrative Professional Manual.

Student employees who are in violation of this policy are also subject to the procedures detailed in the CSU Student Conduct Code.

This policy is not intended to conflict with or supersede any other policy that might subject a violating party to disciplinary review, including but not limited to the Policy on Discrimination, Harassment, Sexual Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Stalking, and Retaliation; the Policy on Workplace Violence; the CSU Student Conduct Code; the Academic Faculty and Administrative Professional Manual; and existing Human Resources and departmental conduct policies.

REFERENCES

- CSU Policy on Discrimination, Harassment, Sexual Harassment, Sexual Misconduct, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Stalking, and Retaliation
- Student Conduct Code
- Colorado Governor’s Executive Order D 023 09, Establishing a Policy to Address Workplace Violence, including Domestic Violence Affecting the Workplace
- Academic Faculty and Administrative Professional Manual sections D.9.c, E.15
- Freedom of Expression and Inquiry
- CSU Policy on Workplace Violence
- Academic Faculty and Administrative Professional Manual

BULLYING COMPLAINT GUIDELINES AND PROCEDURES

Responsibility to Report

Any person who is a target of workplace bullying, or who witnesses or learns of an incident of workplace bullying at CSU, is strongly encouraged to report it to his or her supervisor (or, if the supervisor is involved, then to the next level supervisor in the reporting line). Reports may also be made by calling or emailing the Human Resources (HR) Solutions Partner (970-491-6947 or myhr@colostate.edu), who may bring the matter to the attention of other University officials, as appropriate.

In the case of physical assault or harm, or imminent danger of harm, the supervisor should immediately contact CSU Police (or the local police in a non-campus location) by dialing 911. The non-emergency number for CSU Police is 970-491-6425. The matter should also be referred to the Office of Support and Safety Assessment (970-491-1350) for review and consultation within five working days (a “working day” is any day that the University is open for business).
Anyone impacted by bullying behavior may access support services from the Employee Assistance Program, by calling 1-800-497-9133. EAP is a resource available to all employees that can provide support and resources for employees impacted by concerns about workplace bullying—including resources for the person who feels they have been a target as well as for the responding party in a bullying complaint.

The Ombuds Office is a confidential resource for all employees to explore options and obtain information about the policy and processes related to workplace bullying. As a neutral resource, the office is available both to the person who feels they have been a target of bullying as well as the responding party to bullying complaints. As an informal resource, the Ombuds office is not an office where complaints are placed “on the record.” Therefore, if someone wants to initiate a formal process, the Ombuds office can discuss the process but does not initiate an inquiry or document the concerns for the institution.

Note: More than one impacted party, more than one responding party, and/or more than one supervisor may be involved in the bullying complaint process. Singular references herein may be taken as plural as the context requires. As used herein, “impacted party” means the person(s) targeted or affected by the responding partying behavior, and “responding party” means the person(s) alleged to have engaged in bullying behavior.

Informal Resolution by the Targeted Employee

An employee who believes he or she has been bullied may wish to take informal action, in which case, some suggestions are as follows:

1. **Keep Records**: Keep notes detailing the nature of the behavior (e.g., dates, times, places, what was said or done and who was present) and copies of paper trails that may indicate bullying. Hold onto copies of documents that provide evidence of events (e.g., time sheets, letters or emails). This documentation will be useful when seeking advice from another party, discussing the matter with the responding party, or if the matter is formally investigated.

2. **Seek Immediate Support and Advice**: Explain the behavior you experienced to someone you trust. Good sources of support and advice are HR Solutions Partners, the Employee Assistance Program (EAP), and the Ombuds. It is vital to discuss the situation with somebody who is empathic and trained in these issues. These individuals can provide information regarding one’s rights and responsibilities and suggest options on how best to deal with the situation. Bringing the situation to the attention of another party is often an effective way of dealing with the problem and ensuring that the bullying stops. Oftentimes bullying goes on in private and, by informing someone, it may become apparent that others are feeling the same way. This will help employees get the support and advice they need.

3. **Consider Addressing the Behaviors of the Responding Party Directly**: Employees may want to consider approaching the responding party directly and raising the matter, either face-to-face or in writing, but should only do so if they feel it is a safe option. Avoid being contentious or escalating the situation. Tell the responding party politely and calmly exactly which behaviors are offensive and why, and expressly state that the behavior is unwelcome and unacceptable. The person should be asked to stop immediately, and told that if the behavior doesn’t stop further action will be taken. Remaining silent allows the responding party to continue their behavior,
which may result in the bullying getting worse. Sometimes the responding party will stop immediately once becoming aware that his or her behavior is offensive and harmful.

Addressing the responding partying behaviors directly can be difficult. The person involved may deny and perhaps misconstrue the accusations. To address these issues, a colleague or an HR Solutions Partner may act as support or as a witness. Keep a record of the discussion and a copy of any correspondence that is sent to the responding party. It is best to seek guidance from support personnel prior to meeting with the responding party.

4. **Mediation**: Consider mediation as an option. If all parties agree to mediation, they will be given the opportunity to state their case and how they would like to see the situation resolved. The mediator will assist the parties in attempting to reach a mutually acceptable solution. However, it is important to remember that bullying may result from an imbalance in power, in which case, the target and the responding party may not be on an equal footing. Seek guidance from the Ombuds Office or HR Solutions Partner to explore the option of mediation.

**Informal Resolution by the Responding Party**

If you have been accused of bullying, there are steps you should take immediately to resolve the situation and to prevent it from escalating.

1. **Keep Records**: If you are told that your actions have offended someone and that they feel bullied by you as a result, you should document this discussion including what you were told and how you responded. This will be important if you need to discuss the matter with your supervisor or Human Resources or if the matter is formally reviewed.

2. **Seek Advice**: You are advised to seek counsel immediately from your supervisor, Human Resources, or the Ombuds, especially if you do not understand the complaint against you or if you believe that the allegations are unjust or malicious.

3. **Stop the Offending Behavior**: If you have been told that your behavior makes someone feel uncomfortable, then you should stop it immediately. Even though your behavior may seem innocent to you, it is important to consider its effects on others. Remember it is the other person’s reaction to your behavior that is important, not the reaction you think they should have.

4. **Reflect on Your Work Behavior**: Review the way you behave at work and consider whether any of your behaviors may be perceived as bullying. For instance, ask yourself the following question: If other people were to witness my behavior would they find it offensive, humiliating, intimidating, or threatening? If you have concerns about the appropriateness of your behavior consider asking your supervisor for training on communication, conflict management, etc. or seek advice from the Employee Assistance Program.

**Informal Resolution by a Bystander**

Individuals who witness someone being bullied can utilize informal methods to support the person being bullied and to attempt to stop the behavior.

1. **Talk to the Alleged Target**: It is advised that you speak with the person who you think has been bullied to ensure that you have understood the exchange between him or her and the responding
If you still feel that bullying has occurred, you should discuss with the individual how he or she feels about the incident and whether he or she needs any support. You should advise the individual of the available resources that can help with situations of bullying such as HR Solutions Partners, the Ombuds, or the Employee Assistance Program.

2. **Keep Records:** If you think you have witnessed bullying you should keep a record of when and where the behavior occurred. This will be important when discussing the matter with the responding party, sharing your concerns with a third party, or if the matter is formally investigated.

3. **Address the Responding Party:** If comfortable with addressing the responding party, inform the responding party in a constructive manner that his or her actions are inappropriate, the effect they have on the target and workplace, and that they should not be repeated.

4. **Tell Someone:** Report any concerns to the appropriate supervisor or HR Solutions Partner, regardless of whether the responding party is confronted. They will determine whether the incident can be resolved informally or requires further action. If the situation has been discussed with the responding party and he or she has agreed to amend his or her behavior, then no further action may be required.

**Informal Resolution by the Supervisor**

When a report of bullying is received, or when a supervisor observes the bullying behavior directly, the supervisor may attempt to resolve the matter informally by interacting with both the impacted party and the responding party.

Supervisors may begin by initiating informal discussions with the parties involved (and the supervisor of each of the parties, if different from the one receiving the complaint). If this does not resolve the situation, or if the supervisor receives a formal written bullying complaint, they should first notify their HR Solutions Partner, and then follow the formal resolution process. Any supervisor with a conflict of interest should recuse herself or himself from the process and refer it to the next higher level supervisor.

Other approaches that a supervisor may take to informally resolve the matter may include:

1. **Offer Support:** The person who believes he or she is being bullied needs to be able to discuss the situation with somebody who is empathetic and trained in these issues. If bullying is occurring, the employee will gain strength to address the offensive course of action; if bullying is not occurring, those involved can be advised accordingly.

2. **Seek Advice:** Obtain the advice and support of individuals or groups with expertise in handling bullying such as your supervisor, the HR Solutions Partner, the Ombuds, or the Employee Assistance Program when deciding the most appropriate course of action to follow.

3. **Refer the Employee to Available Resources:** Suggest that the impacted party access support and guidance from sources such as Human Resources, the Ombuds, or the Employee Assistance Program as appropriate.
4. **Address the Responding Party:** Accompany and support the impacted party when he or she approaches the responding party to ask the behavior to stop, but without taking sides before you know the facts. If the impacted party is not comfortable approaching the responding party directly, you may approach the person on the employee’s behalf. Make the responding party aware of the behavior in question, as well as its harmful effects, its inappropriateness, and that it is contrary to policy. Remind the responding party that bullying is a disciplinary offense and repeated incidents may render him or her liable to a formal procedure which may result in disciplinary action. It may be necessary to discuss any training needs with the responding party that may help change the unacceptable behavior.

**Formal Resolution Process**

1. If an informal resolution was not reached and the impacted party wishes to pursue the matter, he or she must submit a written complaint to his or her immediate supervisor (or, if the supervisor is involved, then to the next level supervisor) using the Bullying Complaint Form. The complaint must be limited to events having occurred within the last five years, with the most recent incident having occurred within the last 180 days. The supervisor should be prompt to acknowledge receipt of the complaint, in writing. Only the targeted, impacted party or the supervisor of either party, may file a formal complaint.

2. Within 10 working days of receiving the complaint, the supervisor must contact the designated HR Solutions Partner (970-491-6947 or myhr@colostate.edu). If the impacted party, and/or the responding party have different supervisors, then the HR Solutions Partner will contact the other supervisor(s) and facilitate communications between those involved. In the discretion of the Chief Human Resources Officer (CHRO) or delegate, the matter may be elevated to other University officials, as appropriate. The CHRO or delegate also has the authority to extend all timelines as deemed necessary.

3. Before initiating a reasonable inquiry into a complaint of bullying, the supervisor should contact the HR Solutions Partner for help in creating a plan of action. The supervisor should consider if she or he has any biases or other conflicts of interest that would preclude her or him from conducting a full and fair reasonable inquiry. If so, the next higher level supervisor should take over responsibility. The HR Solutions Partner will assist in this determination.

4. Supervisors and the HR Solutions Partner should jointly begin the inquiry promptly upon learning of the complaint, conduct the inquiry expeditiously, prepare a confidential, written report and provide it to the parties and HR within 30 working days after receiving the written complaint. If a longer time is needed, the HR Solutions Partner can extend the time.

5. The supervisor and/or HR Solutions Partner must meet with the complainant to discuss the complaint of bullying. When meeting with the complainant, the interviewer(s) should listen carefully and not be judgmental. The interviewer(s) should refrain from evaluating the complaint or offering premature feedback to the complainant.

6. Acknowledging the complainant’s perceptions and feelings by briefly paraphrasing what the complainant has shared to ensure accurate understanding is important. The interviewer(s) should make notes of the key facts that are stated and instruct the complainant to put their requested relief in writing, utilizing the Bullying Complaint Form.
7. The supervisor should thank the complainant for bringing concerns forward and ensure them there will be timely follow-up regarding their concerns.

8. A supervisor and/or the HR Solutions Partner conducting a reasonable inquiry should meet privately with the responding party to get his or her side of the story. They should clearly communicate the need for undesirable behavior to change. Clear expectations should be set with the complainant, responding party and any witnesses. Supervisors and/or the HR Solutions Partner should emphasize with all parties that retaliation is not acceptable, and explain that disciplinary action will follow if retaliation occurs.

9. The confidential report will include, at a minimum, the following information:
   a. Identities of the supervisor, HR Solutions Partner and any others involved in conducting the reasonable inquiry;
   b. Nature and substance of the allegations;
   c. Reasonable inquiry process, including the number of witnesses interviewed, but excluding the identity of the witnesses;
   d. Summary of the facts;
   e. Final determination of whether the Bullying Policy was violated;
   f. Decision as to action to be taken.

10. If the determination is that the facts do not sustain a charge of bullying, this should be documented and communicated to the parties, and no further action is required. If requested by the responding party, this determination should also be communicated to all persons interviewed during the inquiry.

11. If the action to be taken involves formal discipline, the applicable CSU policies and procedures for the employees involved will be followed. Actions not involving formal discipline may include:
   a. Separation of the parties involved within the workplace, without a change in duties;
   b. Counseling one or both parties;
   c. Requiring attendance at an appropriate training about workplace behavior;
   d. A letter of expectations that is shared only with the responding party and does not become part of the employee’s personnel file.

12. Repeated violations of the bullying policy by the same individual should result in progressively stricter actions being taken.

13. The file containing all documents related to the report, review, and reasonable inquiry must be kept for 5 years by Human Resources, after which time, it may be destroyed.

**Administrative Review**
The final decision of the supervisor may be subject to administrative review at the request of either the complainant or the responding party. The request must be made in writing and submitted to the HR
Solutions Partner within 10 working days after the written decision is received. The request must specify the reasons why the party finds the resolution unacceptable.

The administrative review will be performed by the next higher level supervisor of the person who rendered the decision (or the department/unit head if that person is higher in the reporting line). The reviewer will assess the written request for a review, the written report and decision, and the written documentation in the case. The reviewer may also consult with the supervisors involved and the HR Solutions Partner. No new evidence will be taken. The decision will be announced, in writing, within 30 working days after the receipt of the written request for a review by the reviewing administrator. The decision of the administrative review is final, and is not grievable.

Questions:

Gallagher: We had an earlier version of the policy that was problematic in a number of significant ways. President Frank appointed an ad hoc committee, then the policy went to CoRSAF, and what you are being asked to do today is approve placement of this into the Manual as Appendix 7. If you vote to put this into the Manual, then if this policy is to be changed, it needs to go through Faculty Council. If you were accused of bullying, there would be a due process element that becomes part of the Manual. The Manual is a binding contract.

Legare: We went back and forth numerous times to make sure the wording was correct. This is a way of preventing a broadside in the future as well.

Antonio Pedros-Gascon (CLA At-Large): I have amendments to propose to the wording of the bullying policy.

Gallagher: I would have to rule that out of order.

Antonio Pedros-Gascon (CLA At-Large): So we don’t have any say on this?

Gallagher: No, we do not.

Marie Legare (Chair, CoRSAF): It’s not our perusal to make changes to this policy.

Gallagher: This was put into place by President Frank on September 7, 2017. We are being asked to place this in the Manual as Appendix 7.

Dan Bush (Vice Provost for Faculty Affairs): This body has spoken to it. The Faculty Council Standing Committees have made suggestions for this policy. You have had input.

Noreen Reist (CVMBS At-Large): If this gets into the Manual, then do our committees have the opportunity to make changes?
Antonio Pedros-Gascon (CLA At-Large): Am I the only one having a problem with something coming from upstairs and then putting it in the Manual, and not being asked to participate in the process? I think this is very peculiar.

Doug Cloud (English): If we reject the motion, we are still subject to the policy but we have no ability to approve or deny changes to it, correct? Putting this into the Manual increases our influence on it, correct?

Gallagher: Yes, that’s correct.

Doug Cloud (English): Then I am in favor of this motion.

Gallagher called for the vote.

The motion was approved.

4. New Degree: BS, Major in Geography be established effective Fall 2018 in the Department of Anthropology, College of Liberal Arts – UCC

Carole Makela, Chair, UCC moved that Faculty Council approve the New Degree: BS, Major in Geography, established effective Fall 2018 in the Department of Anthropology, College of Liberal Arts.

A new Bachelor of Science (BS) in Geography be established effective Fall 2018 in the Department of Anthropology, College of Liberal Arts.

According to the request submitted: Description:

A Geography major with a traditional geographic focus on research at the intersection of humans and the environment building on a core strength of CSU contributing to the land grant mission. The Geography major provides students with a broad academic background suitable for a variety of jobs in the public and private sectors. Geography majors are trained to think independently and critically, communicate effectively, and function in a multicultural world. Careers for graduates are available in international development, education, natural resource management, and business. Graduates who go on for advanced studies can pursue careers in geography in academia.

Rationale:
Geography faculty and courses offered are now at the critical mass required to support a Major in Geography. Supporting faculty research and coursework are sufficiently broad so students’ training in the many sub-areas in the discipline is possible. The major will have a focus on human-environment interactions in mountain systems and Colorado geography. Faculty relationships with local environmental groups, government organizations, and federal land management agencies will facilitate student participation in geography internships and
The request was reviewed and approved by the University Curriculum Committee on 11/17/2017.

Faculty Council approved the New Degree: BS, Major in Geography be established *effective Fall 2018* in the Department of Anthropology, College of Liberal Arts.

**DISCUSSION**

1. Gallagher: Executive Committee waited until the last minute at our November 28 meeting and decided to not have a discussion item. Executive Committee decided it was more productive to hear the concerns of issues with Non-Tenure Track Faculty, CoSRGE and CoRSAF.

Gallagher adjourned the meeting at 5:03 p.m.

Tim Gallagher, Chair
Sue Doe, Vice Chair
Rita Knoll, Executive Assistant
ATTENDANCE
BOLD INDICATES PRESENT AT MEETING
UNDERLINE INDICATES ABSENT AT MEETING

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<td>Agricultural and Resource Economics</td>
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<td>Scott Nissen</td>
<td>Bioagricultural Sciences &amp; Pest Management</td>
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<td>Adam Heuberger</td>
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<td>Thomas Borch</td>
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<td>Bolivar Senior</td>
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<td>Ted Watson</td>
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Liberal Arts
Michael Pante  Anthropology  2020
Marius Lehene  Art (will serve term thru Fall ’19)  2019
Julia Khrebtan-Horhager  Communication Studies  2019
Robert Keller (excused)  Economics  2020
Doug Cloud  English  2020
Albert Bimper  Ethnic Studies  2019
Peter Erickson  Languages, Literatures and Cultures  2018
(substituting for Jonathan Carylyon – Fall Sabbatical)
Robert Gudmestad  History  2020
Gayathri (Gaya) Sivakumar  Journalism and Technical Communication  2020
Wesley Ferreira  Music, Theater, and Dance  2019
Moti Gorin (excused)  Philosophy  2019
Kyle Saunders  Political Science  2018
Tara Opsai  Sociology  2019
Antonio Pedros-Gascon  College-at-Large  2019
Steve Shulman  College-at-Large  2020
David Riep  College-at-Large  2018
Allison Prasch  College-at-Large  2020
Lisa Langstraat  College-at-Large  2020

Natural Resources
Monique Rocca  Ecosystem Science and Sustainability  2020
Julie Savidge (Fall 2016 and 2017; Barry Noon (Spring 2017 and 2018)
Chad Hoffman  Forest and Rangeland Stewardship  2020
William Sanford  Geosciences  2020
Tara Teel  HDNR in Warner College  2020

Natural Sciences
Jennifer Nyborg  Biochemistry and Molecular Biology  2019
Melinda Smith  Biology  2018
George Barisas  Chemistry  2020
Ross McConnell  Computer Science  2019
Yongcheng Zhou  Mathematics  2020
TBD  Physics  2017
Silvia Canetto  Psychology  2019
Mary Meyer  Statistics  2019
Chuck Anderson  College-at-Large  2020
Anton Betten  College-at-Large  2019
Janice Moore  College-at-Large  2018
Brad Conner  College-at-Large  2018
Alan Van Orden  College-at-Large  2020
Veterinary Medicine & Biomedical Sciences
C.W. Miller Biomedical Sciences 2019
Dean Hendrickson Clinical Sciences 2019
Elizabeth Ryan Environmental & Radiological Health Sciences 2020
Michala de Linda Microbiology, Immunology and Pathology 2018
(substituting for Alan Schenkel)
Noreen Reist College-at-Large 2020
Jennifer Peel College-at-Large 2020
William Black College-at-Large 2020
Marie Legare College-at-Large 2019
Jonathan Stockman College-at-Large 2019
(substituting for Anne Avery)
Tod Clapp College-at-Large 2019
Dawn Duval College-at-Large 2019
Patrick McCue College-at-Large 2018
Stuart Tobet College-at-Large 2018
DN Rao Veeramachaneni College-at-Large 2018

University Libraries
Nancy Hunter Libraries 2019
Michelle Wilde At-Large 2019

Ex Officio Voting Members
Timothy Gallagher, Chair Faculty Council/Executive Committee 2018
Sue Doe Vice Chair, Faculty Council 2018
Margarita Lenk BOG Faculty Representative 2018
Don Estep, Chair Committee on Faculty Governance 2019
Todd Donavan, Chair Committee on Intercollegiate Athletics 2017
Nancy Hunter, Chair Committee on Libraries 2019
Jenny Morse, Chair Committee on Non-Tenure Track Faculty 2020
Marie Legare, Chair Committee on Responsibilities & Standing of Academic Faculty 2018
Donald Samelson, Chair Committee on Scholarship Research and Graduate Education 2019
Karen Barrett, Chair Committee on Scholastic Standards 2019
Katharine Leigh, Chair Committee on Strategic and Financial Planning 2019
Matt Hickey, Chair Committee on Teaching and Learning 2019
Mo Salman, Chair Committee on University Programs 2018
Carole Makela, Chair University Curriculum Committee 2018
### Ex-Officio Non-Voting Members

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title/Position</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Anthony Frank</td>
<td>President</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rick Miranda</td>
<td>Provost/Executive Vice President</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brett Anderson</td>
<td>Special Advisor to the President</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Tobin</td>
<td>Vice President for Advancement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mary Ontiveros</td>
<td>Vice President for Diversity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Louis Swanson</td>
<td>Vice Provost for Engagement/Director of Extension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leslie Taylor</td>
<td>Interim Vice President for Enrollment and Access</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dan Bush</td>
<td>Vice Provost for Faculty Affairs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patrick Burns</td>
<td>Vice President for Information Technology/Dean Libraries</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jim Cooney</td>
<td>Vice Provost for International Affairs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tom Milligan</td>
<td>Vice President for Public Affairs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alan Rudolph</td>
<td>Vice President for Research</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blanche M. Hughes</td>
<td>Vice President for Student Affairs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kelly Long</td>
<td>Vice Provost for Undergraduate Affairs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lynn Johnson</td>
<td>Vice President for University Operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ajay Menon</td>
<td>Dean, College of Agricultural Sciences</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jeff McCubbin</td>
<td>Dean, College of Health and Human Sciences</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beth Walker</td>
<td>Dean, College of Business</td>
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<tr>
<td>David McLean</td>
<td>Dean, College of Engineering</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jodie Hanzlik</td>
<td>Dean, Graduate School</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ben Withers</td>
<td>Dean, College of Liberal Arts</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jan Nerger</td>
<td>Dean, College of Natural Sciences</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mark Stetter</td>
<td>Dean, College of Vet. Medicine &amp; Biomedical Sciences</td>
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<tr>
<td>John Hayes</td>
<td>Dean, Warner College of Natural Resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shannon Wagner</td>
<td>Chair, Administrative Professional Council</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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